

Section 7. No transportation of manure shall be made on or over or caused to be made on or over any public way or street in the Town without first obtaining a permit from the Board of Health, and in accordance with requirements set forth by the Board for the type of vehicle used for said transportation. Sticker or Permit authorizing such use, said sticker for permit to be issued by the Board of Health. Proposed location or areas of placement of manure must be made on application for permit to transport same. This shall be deemed to apply to solid, semi-solid, or liquid excretion from all animals. When manure is to be utilized for vegetable or flower gardens and lawns, express permission from the Board of Health is not required provided that not more than the quantity listed hereunder is placed thereon. No more than forty (40) tons of manure, solid, semi-solid or liquid shall be placed to any one acre unless prior approval is obtained in writing from the Board of health. Anyone violating this rule will be subject to the provisions of Sections 122, 123, 124, 125, and 125A of Chapter III of the General Laws of Massachusetts.

Section 8. Unless otherwise specifically provided by law, whoever violates any provision of these by-laws shall be subject to a fine of twenty (\$20.00) dollars. Such penalty shall be assessed in accordance with the provisions for the noncriminal disposition contained in General Laws Chapter 40, Section 21D and in Article 46 of these by-laws. The Health Inspector shall be the enforcing person for this by-law.

## ARTICLE 35

### WEST BRIDGEWATER DISCHARGES TO THE MUNICIPAL SEPARATE STORM SEWER SYSTEM

#### Sec. 1 PURPOSE

Increased and contaminated stormwater runoff is a major cause of impairment of water quality and flow in lakes, ponds, streams, rivers, wetlands and groundwater; contamination of drinking water supplies; alteration or destruction of aquatic and wildlife habitat; and flooding.

Regulation of illicit connections and discharges to the municipal storm drain system is necessary for the protection of the Town of West Bridgewater's water bodies and groundwater, and to safeguard the public health, safety, welfare and the environment.

The objectives of this bylaw are to:

1. Prevent pollutants from entering the Town of West Bridgewater's municipal separate storm sewer system (MS4);
2. Prohibit illicit connections and unauthorized discharges to the MS4;
3. Require the removal of all such illicit connections;
4. Comply with state and federal statutes and regulations relating to stormwater discharges;

5. Establish the legal authority to ensure compliance with the provisions of this bylaw through inspection, monitoring, and enforcement; and
6. Establish the legal authority to prevent pollutants from entering the Town's MS4 through regulation adopted by the Conservation Commission.

## Sec. 2 DEFINITIONS

For the purposes of this bylaw, the following shall mean:

**AUTHORIZED ENFORCEMENT AGENCY:** The Town of West Bridgewater Conservation Commission (Commission), its employees or agents designated to enforce this bylaw.

**BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP):** An activity, procedure, restraint, or structural improvement that helps to reduce the quantity or improve the quality of stormwater runoff.

**CLEAN WATER ACT:** The Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. § 1251 *et seq.*) as hereafter amended.

**DISCHARGE OF POLLUTANTS:** The addition from any source of any pollutant or combination of pollutants into the municipal storm drain system or into the waters of the United States or Commonwealth from any source.

**GROUNDWATER:** Water beneath the surface of the ground.

**ILLICIT CONNECTION:** A surface or subsurface drain or conveyance, which allows an illicit discharge into the municipal storm drain system, including without limitation sewage, process wastewater, or wash water and any connections from indoor drains, sinks, or toilets, regardless of whether said connection was previously allowed, permitted, or approved before the effective date of this bylaw.

**ILLICIT DISCHARGE:** Direct or indirect discharge to the municipal storm drain system that is not composed entirely of stormwater, except as exempted in Section 8. The term does not include a discharge in compliance with an NPDES Storm Water Discharge Permit or a Surface Water Discharge Permit, or resulting from firefighting activities exempted pursuant to Section 8, of this bylaw.

**IMPERVIOUS SURFACE:** Any material or structure on or above the ground that prevents water infiltrating the underlying soil. Impervious surface includes without limitation roads, paved parking lots, sidewalks, and rooftops.

**MUNICIPAL SEPARATE STORM SEWER SYSTEM (MS4) or MUNICIPAL STORM DRAIN SYSTEM:** The system of conveyances designated or used for collecting or conveying stormwater, including any road with a drainage system, street, gutter, curb, inlet, piped storm drain, pumping facility, retention or detention basin, natural or man-made or altered drainage

channel, reservoir, and other drainage structure that together comprise the storm drainage system owned or operated by the Town of West Bridgewater; which is not a combined sewer; and which is not part of a Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW) as defined at 40 CFR 122.2

**NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES) STORM WATER DISCHARGE PERMIT:** A permit issued by United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) or jointly with the State that authorizes the discharge of pollutants to waters of the United States.

**NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGE:** Discharge to the municipal storm drain system not composed entirely of stormwater.

**PERSON:** An individual, partnership, association, firm, company, trust, corporation, agency, authority, department or political subdivision of the Commonwealth or the federal government, to the extent permitted by law, and any officer, employee, or agent of such person.

**POLLUTANT:** As defined in 40 CFR 122.2 and any element or property of sewage, agricultural, industrial or commercial waste, leachate, heated effluent, or other matter whether originating at a point or nonpoint source, that is or may be introduced into any sewage treatment works or waters of the Commonwealth. Pollutants shall include without limitation:

- (1) paints, varnishes, and solvents;
- (2) oil and other automotive fluids;
- (3) non-hazardous liquid and solid wastes and yard wastes;
- (4) refuse, rubbish, garbage, litter, or other discarded or abandoned objects, ordnances, accumulations and floatables;
- (5) pesticides, herbicides, and fertilizers;
- (6) hazardous materials and wastes; sewage, fecal coliform and pathogens;
- (7) dissolved and particulate metals;
- (8) animal wastes;
- (9) rock, sand, salt, soils unless applied for the purpose of public safety during winter conditions;
- (10) construction wastes and residues; and
- (11) and noxious or offensive matter of any kind.

**PROCESS WASTEWATER:** Water which, during manufacturing or processing, comes into direct contact with or results from the production or use of any material, intermediate product, finished product, or waste product.

**RECHARGE:** The process by which groundwater is replenished by precipitation through the percolation of runoff and surface water through the soil.

**STORMWATER:** Storm water runoff, snow melt runoff, and surface water runoff and drainage.

**SURFACE WATER DISCHARGE PERMIT.** A permit issued by the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) pursuant to 314 CMR 3.00 that authorizes the discharge of pollutants to waters of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

**TOXIC OR HAZARDOUS MATERIAL or WASTE:** Any material, which because of its quantity, concentration, chemical, corrosive, flammable, reactive, toxic, infectious or radioactive characteristics, either separately or in combination with any substance or substances, constitutes a present or potential threat to human health, safety, welfare, or to the environment. Toxic or hazardous materials include any synthetic organic chemical, petroleum product, heavy metal, radioactive or infectious waste, acid and alkali, and any substance defined as Toxic or Hazardous under M.G.L. Ch.21C and Ch.21E, and the regulations at 310 CMR 30.000 and 310 CMR 40.0000.

**WATERCOURSE:** A natural or man-made channel through which water flows or a stream of water, including a river, brook or underground stream.

**WATERS OF THE UNITED STATES:** As defined under the Clean Water Act.

- (1) All waters which are currently used, were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide;
- (2) All interstate waters, including interstate wetlands;
- (3) The territorial seas;
- (4) All impoundments of waters identified in paragraphs (s)(1) through (3) and (5) of this section;
- (5) All tributaries of waters identified in paragraphs (s)(1) through (4) of this section;
- (6) All waters, including wetlands, adjacent to a water identified in paragraphs (s)(1) through (5) of this section; and

(7) On a case-specific basis, other waters, including wetlands, provided that those waters alone, or in combination with other similarly situated waters, including wetlands, located in the same region, have a significant nexus to a water identified in paragraphs (s)(1) through (3) of this section.

**WATERS OF THE COMMONWEALTH:** All waters within the jurisdiction of the Commonwealth, including, without limitation, rivers, streams, lakes, ponds, springs, impoundments, estuaries, wetlands, coastal waters, and groundwater.

**WASTEWATER:** Any sanitary waste, sludge, or septic tank or cesspool overflow, and water that during manufacturing, cleaning or processing, comes into direct contact with or results from the production or use of any raw material, intermediate product, finished product, byproduct or waste product.

### Sec. 3 APPLICABILITY

This bylaw shall apply to flows entering the municipally owned storm drainage system.

### Sec. 4 AUTHORITY

This bylaw is adopted under the authority granted by the Home Rule Amendment of the Massachusetts Constitution and the Home Rule Procedures Act, and pursuant to the regulations of the federal Clean Water Act found at 40 CFR 122.34.

### Sec. 5 RESPONSIBILITY FOR ADMINISTRATION

The Commission shall administer, implement and enforce this bylaw. Any powers granted to or duties imposed upon the Commission may be delegated in writing by the Commission to employees or agents of the Commission.

### Sec. 6 REGULATIONS

The Commission may promulgate rules and regulations to effectuate the purposes of this bylaw. Failure by the Commission to promulgate such rules and regulations shall not have the effect of suspending or invalidating this bylaw.

### Sec. 7 PROHIBITED ACTIVITIES

**Illicit Discharges.** No person shall dump, discharge, cause or allow to be discharged any pollutant or non-stormwater discharge into the municipal separate storm sewer system (MS4), into a watercourse, or into the waters of the Commonwealth.

Illicit Connections. No person shall construct, use, allow, maintain or continue any illicit connection to the municipal storm drain system, regardless of whether the connection was permissible under applicable law, regulation or custom at the time of connection.

Obstruction of Municipal Storm Drain System. No person shall obstruct or interfere with the normal flow of stormwater into or out of the municipal storm drain system without prior written approval from the Commission.

## Sec. 8 EXEMPTIONS

The following non-stormwater discharges or flows are exempt from the prohibition of nonstormwaters provided that the source is not a significant contributor of a pollutant to the municipal storm drain system:

1. Discharge or flow resulting from fire fighting activities.
2. Waterline flushing;
3. Flow from potable water sources;
4. Springs;
5. Natural flow from riparian habitats and wetlands;
6. Diverted stream flow;
7. Rising groundwater;
8. Uncontaminated groundwater infiltration as defined in 40 CFR 35.2005(20), or uncontaminated pumped groundwater;
9. Water from exterior foundation drains, footing drains (not including active groundwater dewatering systems), crawl space pumps, or air conditioning condensation;
10. Discharge from landscape irrigation or lawn watering;
11. Water from individual residential car washing;
12. Discharge from dechlorinated swimming pool water (less than one ppm chlorine) provided the water is allowed to stand for one week prior to draining and the pool is drained in such a way as not to cause a nuisance;
13. Discharge from street sweeping;
14. Dye testing, provided verbal notification is given to the Commission prior to the time of the test;
15. Non-stormwater discharge permitted under an NPDES permit or a Surface Water Discharge Permit, waiver, or waste discharge order administered under the authority of the United States Environmental Protection Agency or the Department of Environmental Protection, provided that the discharge is in full compliance with the requirements of the permit, waiver, or order and applicable laws and regulations; and
16. Discharge for which advanced written approval is received from the Commission as necessary to protect public health, safety, welfare or the environment.

## Sec. 9 EMERGENCY SUSPENSION OF STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM ACCESS

The Commission may suspend municipal storm drain system access to any person or property without prior written notice when such suspension is necessary to stop an actual or threatened discharge of pollutants that presents imminent risk of harm to the public health, safety, welfare or the environment. In the event any person fails to comply with an emergency suspension order, the Authorized Enforcement Agency may take all reasonable steps to prevent or minimize harm to the public health, safety, welfare or the environment.

## Sec. 10 NOTIFICATION OF SPILLS

Notwithstanding other requirements of local, state or federal law, as soon as a person responsible for a facility or operation, or responsible for emergency response for a facility or operation has information of or suspects a release of materials at that facility or operation resulting in or which may result in discharge of pollutants to the municipal drainage system or waters of the Commonwealth, the person shall take all necessary steps to ensure containment, and cleanup of the release. In the event of a release of oil or hazardous materials, the person shall immediately notify the municipal fire and police departments and Department of Public Works. In the event of a release of non-hazardous material, the reporting person shall notify the Authorized Enforcement Agency no later than the next business day. The reporting person shall provide to the Authorized Enforcement Agency written confirmation of all telephone, facsimile or in-person notifications within three business days thereafter. If the discharge of prohibited materials is from a commercial or industrial facility, the facility owner or operator of the facility shall retain on-site a written record of the discharge and the actions taken to prevent its recurrence. Such records shall be retained for at least three years.

## Sec. 11 ENFORCEMENT

The Commission or an authorized agent of the Commission shall enforce this bylaw, regulations, orders, violation notices, and enforcement orders, and may pursue all civil and criminal remedies for such violations.

**Civil Relief.** If a person violates the provisions of this bylaw, regulations, permit, notice, or order issued thereunder, the Commission may seek injunctive relief in a court of competent jurisdiction restraining the person from activities which would create further violations or compelling the person to perform abatement or remediation of the violation.

**Orders.** the Commission or an authorized agent of the Commission may issue a written order to enforce the provisions of this bylaw or the regulations thereunder, which may include: (a) elimination of illicit connections or discharges to the MS4; (b) performance of monitoring, analyses, and reporting; (c) that unlawful discharges, practices, or operations shall cease and desist; and (d) remediation of contamination in connection therewith.

If the enforcing person determines that abatement or remediation of contamination is required, the order shall set forth a deadline by which such abatement or remediation must be completed. Said order shall further advise that, should the violator or property owner fail to abate or perform remediation within the specified deadline, the Town of West Bridgewater may, at its option, undertake such work, and expenses thereof shall be charged to the violator.

Within thirty (30) days after completing all measures necessary to abate the violation or to perform remediation, the violator and the property owner will be notified of the costs incurred by the Town of West Bridgewater including administrative costs. The violator or property owner may file a written protest objecting to the amount or basis of costs with the Commission within thirty (30) days of receipt of the notification of the costs incurred. If the amount due is not received by the expiration of the time in which to file a protest or within thirty (30) days following a decision of the Commission affirming or reducing the costs, or from a final decision of a court of competent jurisdiction, the costs shall become a special assessment against the property owner and shall constitute a lien on the owner's property for the amount of said costs. Interest shall begin to accrue on any unpaid costs at the statutory rate provided in M.G.L. Ch. 59, Section 57 after the thirty-first day at which the costs first become due.

**Criminal Penalty.** Any person who violates any provision of this by-law, regulation, order or permit issued thereunder, shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$ 300.00. Each day or part thereof that such violation occurs or continues shall constitute a separate offense.

**Non-Criminal Disposition.** As an alternative to criminal prosecution or civil action, the Commission may elect to utilize the non-criminal disposition procedure set forth in G.L. Ch. 40, §21D. The penalty for the 1st violation shall be \$50.00. The penalty for the 2nd violation shall be \$150.00. The penalty for the 3rd and subsequent violations shall be \$300.00. Each day or part thereof that such violation occurs or continues shall constitute a separate offense.

**Entry to Perform Duties Under this Bylaw.** To the extent permitted by state law, or if authorized by the owner or other party in control of the property, the Commission, its agents, officers, and employees may enter upon privately owned property for the purpose of performing their duties under this bylaw and regulations and may make or cause to be made such examinations, surveys or sampling as the Commission deems reasonably necessary.

**Appeals.** The decisions or orders of the Commission shall be final. Further relief shall be to a court of competent jurisdiction.

**Remedies Not Exclusive.** The remedies listed in this bylaw are not exclusive of any other remedies available under any applicable federal, state or local law.

## Sec. 12 SEVERABILITY

The provisions of this bylaw are hereby declared to be severable. If any provision, paragraph, sentence, or clause, of this bylaw or the application thereof to any person, establishment, or



circumstances shall be held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect the other provisions or application of this bylaw.

### Sec. 13 TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS

Property owners shall have 30 days from the effective date of the bylaw to comply with its provisions provided good cause is shown for the failure to comply with the bylaw during that period.

## ARTICLE 36

### MOBILE HOME PARK REGULATIONS

A By-Law requiring site inspection and approval by an Authorized Inspection Committee Defining and Regulating the installation, maintenance, alteration, operation, use and sanitation of Mobile Home Parks within the Town of West Bridgewater, Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Establishing the minimum standards governing the utilities and sanitary facilities to be provided at mobile home parks; fixing the inspections of mobile home parks, and the suspension or revoking of the license thereof for failure to comply with the requirements of this by-law and or of applicable laws of the Commonwealth; to conform with Chapter 140 of the General Laws, Section 27, 29 and Sections 32A to 32L inclusive, as amended.

Section 1. – Definitions. For the purpose of this By-Law, the following words and phrases shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section.

- a. Board of Health shall mean the duly elected Board of Health of the Town of West Bridgewater, or its authorized representative.
- b. State Board of Health shall mean the Massachusetts Department of Public Health or its authorized representative.
- c. Mobile Home shall mean a dwelling unit built on a chassis or frame and containing complete electrical, plumbing and sanitary facilities and designed to be installed on a temporary or permanent foundation for permanent living quarters.
- d. Mobile Home Site or Lot shall mean a parcel of land for the placement of a mobile home and the exclusive use of its occupants.
- e. Mobile Home Park shall mean any parcel of land upon which two or more mobile homes occupied for dwelling or sleeping purposes are located and shall include any building or structure used or intended for use as a part of the equipment of such park.
- f. Trailer: The following for the purpose of these regulations shall be considered a trailer: